



# TEMPLAR NATION

## Overview

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## **The Templar Nation, a Nation without territory**

Until not many years ago we have always heard of the Jewish people (at least until 1947, the year of the establishment of the State of Israel) or the Rom people or other ethnic minorities without a State.

Today, however, there is also talk of the Templar people.

In the collective imagination, the Templars are the famous warrior monks who participated in the crusades and who characterized the history of at least two centuries (1118-1314).

In fact, the historically best known members of the Templar people were the famous Knights, but many other people revolved around them.

As an indication, the Templar people around 1200 had about 22,000 Knights of arms in Europe (historical data kept in the National Library of France in Paris).

At the time it was normal that there were at least from seven to thirty people (family members, servants, cooks, farriers, esquires, waiters, artisans, etc.) who followed a Knight of arms, so we can estimate that the Templar people were composed of at least 150,000 people.

For comparison, the city of Nice in France had around 3,000 inhabitants during the same period!

With the burning of Master General Jacques de Molay in 1314, traditional historiography put an end to the Templars.

In reality, the death of the Master General and the fury of the King of France and the Pope over the Order did not make the Templar people disappear.

In fact, the Templar people have continued their existence up to now, scattered in various States, but always maintaining their cultural, ideological, religious and linguistic identity.

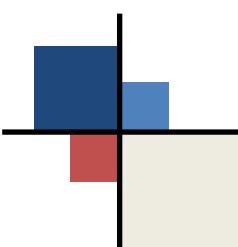
In 2015 members of several Templar groups (about 1500 people), members of other organizations who gathered a part of the Templar people and other members of the Templar people not organized into groups (i.e. scattered), asked the Grand Prior of the Pauperes Commititones Christi Templique Salomonis - VEOSPSS - MCXVIII to bring together the Templar people in a real Nation and appoint a "Parliament" to organize the Nation.

After a few years of study, evaluations and consultations (several experts in international law, constitutionalists, lawyers and international economists were consulted), in 2018 the Democratically constituted Regency Council elected a President and issued a Constitutional Charter by creating, through the principle of self-determination of peoples (principle sanctioned first by the US President Woodrow Wilson in 1919, on the occasion of the Treaty of Versailles, and then by the UN in 1945 with the United Nations Charter), the Templar Nation.

The Templar Nation today has a Council of Regency (Parliament), a President, a Vice President and a Council of Ministers.

The President and Ministers govern the Nation.

The purpose of the Templar Nation is to keep alive the cultural, linguistic, ideological and religious identity of the Templar people.



## **Historical-juridical outline of Templar Nation**

In 1118, at the behest of the Cistercian Abbot of Clairvaux, Bernard of Fontaine-lès-Dijon (inspired by the Cistercian Abbot of Citeaux Stephen Harding), the Templar people formed in the form of a lay-monastic order and was called Pauperes Commititones Christi Templique Salomonis.

From this constitution the Templar people were born.

Despite the various historical vicissitudes, the Templars have come to this day, gathered in one Nation, despite being dispersed in different states and with different citizenships.

As we have already explained, in 2018 the Regency Council elected a President and issued a Constitutional Charter creating, through the principle of self-determination of peoples, the Templar Nation.

Currently, the Templar Nation (which has finally reached its definitive political dimension) is governed by a Regency Council (the Parliament), which has assumed full autonomy after its establishment.

The Regency Council elected a President, who appointed the Vice President and the various Ministers.

The Regency Council has also issued a Constitutional Charter, which represents the constitutional basis of the Templar Nation.

The Templar Nation today is made up of the Templar people, that is, those who are linked by common ideological principles and culture, by a centuries-old descent and, not least, by a common religiosity (the Templars are defined as Christian-Yeoshuite, because they are faithful to the word of Jesus Christ).

From a legal point of view, according to international law, the subject holder of the right to self-determination is the people as a separate subject from the State.

The principle of self-determination of a people constitutes a norm of general international law, that is, a norm which produces juridical effects (rights and duties) for the whole Community of States.

Furthermore, this principle also represents a norm of the ius cogens, that is, an imperative law: it means that it is a supreme and inalienable principle of international law, for which it cannot be derogated from an international convention.

Therefore, a people have the right to self-determination and choose their political regime, regardless of whether it has been subject to foreign domination.

A community of individuals (a people) who share some common characteristics such as language, history, traditions, culture, ethnicity and finally a government, constitutes a Nation, from the Latin "natio", in English "birth", (Federico Chabod, Italian historian and politician, 1901 - 1960, "The idea of Nation").

According to Johann Gottfried Herder, a German philosopher and writer (1744 - 1803), in the life of a Nation, the unity of culture and language comes before political unity, from the state and from the constitution (Kulturnation).

The Nation therefore bases its cohesion on language, culture and tradition, not on the abstract rigidity of a political obligation.

Ernest Renan, French historian and philosopher (1823-1892), defines the Nation as the soul and spiritual principle of a people, which enjoys a rich legacy of memories and current consensus.

Some authors, such as Jürgen Habermas, German political scientist, sociologist and academic (1929), consider the concept of Nation as a free social contract between peoples or between people who make up a people, who recognize themselves in a common Constitution, thanks to the concept of "membership group".

Therefore, a Nation exists as long as it finds its place in the minds and hearts of its constituents.

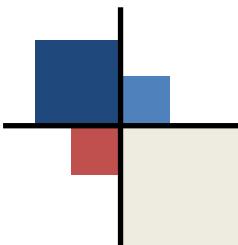
A Nation is a community of individuals (a people), aware of being bound by a common historical, linguistic, cultural and religious tradition.

In the case of the Templars, this specifically concerns a "Stateless Nation", because people belong to different States.

The Templar Nation adheres to the "Universal Declaration of Human Rights" of the United Nations (UN) of 10 December 1948, to the "International Convention on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights" of 1966 (entered into force in 1976) and to the "Universal Declaration of the Rights of Peoples", (Charter of Algiers), of 1976.

In addition, the Templar Nation accedes to the UN "Vienna Convention on the Laws of Treaties" of 1969 and the "Vienna Convention on the Law of Treaties between States and International Organizations" of the United Nations of 1986.

Given that the current Templar population is rather small and that over the centuries it has been the object of real attempts at extermination by several States, as well as "damnatio memoriae", it is right to define the people of the Templars as a "national minority" to protect.



## **The enrollment of Templar Nation to the UUN - Unrepresented United Nations**

The Templar Nation has been registered with the Unrepresented United Nations - UUN since October 2018.

The main objective of the Unrepresented United Nations (UUN) is to assist and represent Unrepresented Nations and Peoples, Under-represented Nations and Peoples, De Jure States, De Facto States or Misrepresented Nations and Peoples, Independentist Movements, Separatist Movements, Secessionist Movements, Segregationist Movements, Indigenous Peoples, Micronations, so that they may express their position in the appropriate forums and obtain recognition, since they cannot in the United Nations.

Self-determination of Peoples is human rights.

International Law establishes that any territory on the planet becomes a State if it meets the following criteria: territory, population, and an autonomous government.

It is important to understand that the concept of Nation-State is relatively new when considering the 5,000 years of mankind's recorded history.

According to International Law, the State is a politico-legal entity.

Conversely, the Nation has become a much broader term, with cultural and social facets.

The Unrepresented United Nations, in compliance with its Charter, will search for new international actors, and propose to develop bilateral relations not only with States, but also with the unrepresented Peoples and Nations, rejecting the characterisation of aligned and non-aligned, so as to develop a global diplomacy based on the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, and the self-determination of Peoples.

Link:

<https://www.unrepresentedunitednations.org/en/unrepresented-united-nations-directory/templar-nation>

## The Governance of Templar Nation

The form of government of the Templar Nation is the Presidential Republic.

Executive power is represented by the President and his governing team, while legislative power is represented by the Regency Council.

The President is elected for a fixed term.

At this stage, the President will remain in office until the Templar Nation will not have its own territory and becomes a State.

To ensure government stability, the President cannot dissolve the legislative body in advance and the Regency Council cannot impeach the President, except in the cases provided for by the Constitutional Charter.

Even the Regency Council will remain in office until the Templar Nation will not have its own territory.

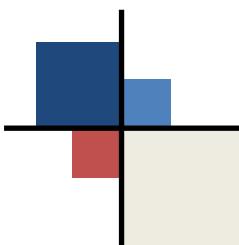
The Regency Council, at this stage, is made up of a minimum of 15 to a maximum of 50 members.

The President chooses the Vice President and the Ministers from among the citizens of the Templar Nation.

The number of Ministers is at the discretion of the President; each Minister is head of a Department.

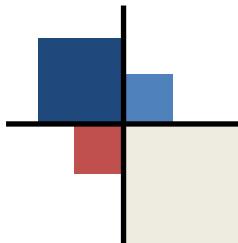
Currently there are the following Departments:

- Department of Foreign Affairs
- Department of Internal Affairs
- Department of Justice
- Department of Defense
- Department of Economy
- Department of the Treasury
- Department of Communication and Cooperation for Social Projects
- Department of Commerce
- Department of Development and Tourism
- Department of Health
- Department of Research
- Department of Innovation
- Department of Environment
- Department of Culture
- Department of Equal Opportunities
- Department of Social Affairs
- Department of Families
- Department of Relations with Religions



## The Government of Templar Nation

- President: H.E. Riccardo Bonsi (Italy)
- Vice President: H.E. Sandro Vinciguerra (Italy)
- Minister of Foreign Affairs: Hon. Antonio Awana Gana Costantini Picardi (Principality of Monaco)
- Minister of Internal Affairs: Hon. Marco Guzzardi (France)
- Minister of Justice: H.E. Riccardo Bonsi (Italy), by proxy
- Minister of Defense: H.E. Riccardo Bonsi (Italy), by proxy
- Minister of Economy: Hon. Valter Pizzoli (Switzerland)
- Minister of the Treasury: Hon. Valter Pizzoli (Switzerland), by proxy
- Minister of Communication and Cooperation for Social Projects: Hon. Marzio Villari (Italy)
- Minister of Commerce: Hon. Donatella Pertegato (Italy)
- Minister of Development and Tourism: Hon. Luca Da Fre (Italy)
- Minister of Health: Hon. Eric Oquinarena (France)
- Minister of Research: Hon. Davide Sirtori (Italy)
- Minister of Innovation: Hon. Massimo Graziani (Italy)
- Minister of Environment: Hon. Stéphanie Lescouzère (France)
- Minister of Culture: Hon. Brian Nelson Willis (USA)
- Minister of Equal Opportunities: Hon. Silvia Spaziani (Italy)
- Minister of Social Affairs: Hon. Adriàm Guedes (Argentine)
- Minister of Families: Hon. Massimo Iglina (Italy)
- Minister of Relations with Religions: Hon. Richard Tirole (Principality of Monaco)



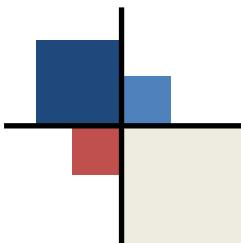
## The Diplomatic Corps of Templar Nation

The Diplomatic Corps is the collective body of diplomats accredited to a particular Country or body. At this stage, the Templar Nation appoints exclusively Ambassadors Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary and Ambassador at Large, since, as it does not have its own territory, the appointment of an Ambassador is a unilateral act and does not require reciprocal appointments.

Currently, the Templar Nation has appointed the following Ambassadors:

- Embassy of Republic of Armenia (Yerevan): H.E. Vardan Balaian, Ambassadors Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary
- Embassy of Federative Republic of Brazil (São Paulo): H.E. Fabio Lacerda De Souza, Ambassadors Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary
- Embassy of Democratic Republic of Congo (Kinshasa): H.E. Geoffroy Claise Youlou, Ambassadors Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary

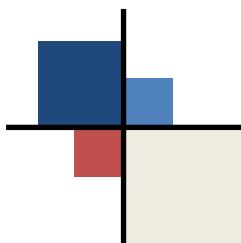
- Embassy of State of Israel (Rishon LeZyon): H.E. Alexander Levin, Ambassadors Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary
- Embassy of State of Palestine (East Jerusalem): H.E. Adeeb Jawad Joudeh Al Husseini, Ambassadors Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary
- Embassy of United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland (Leicester): H.E. Nicholas Hall, Ambassadors Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary
- Ambassador at Large: H.E. Marco Barbetti



## The Radio of Templar Nation

In 2019 the Templar Nation opened a web radio: Radio NT.

The radio can be listened to on the following site: [www.radioint.it](http://www.radioint.it) or by clicking on the radio image



## Become citizens of Templar Nation

The purpose of Templar Nation is to unite all the templar people under one banner, the banner of a true Nation.

All the persons of good will who, for historical, ideological, cultural or religious reasons, recognize themselves in the ideals of the templar people and accept to adhere to the Constitutional Charter, can request the templar nationality.

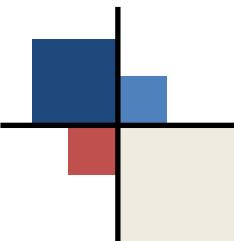
Templar nationality is not incompatible with belonging to Institutions or Orders or with own citizenship.

Those who have obtained the citizenship of Templar Nation receive the identification card and the certificate of nationality.

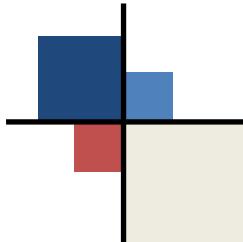
Enrollment in the registry of Templar Nation has a cost of 30.00 Euros every two years, to cover secretarial costs.

To become citizens of Templar Nation, there are two ways:

1. Online, via website.
  - a) Click on the link: <https://gov-nt.com/request-nationality/>
  - b) Enter the data
  - c) Upload a front and back identity document (identity card or passport) and a passport-sized color photo
  - d) make the payment of 30.00 Euros following the indications
2. Standard, via paper documentation.
  - a) Fill in the citizenship form
  - b) Prepare a copy a front and back identity document (identity card or passport) and a passport-sized color photo
  - c) Make the payment by clicking on the link:  
<https://www.paypal.com/biz/fund?id=CX3X4LUVYBLUC>  
Insert 30.00 euros where it says "Other Amount" and then click on "Make a donation by card"
  - d) Send the form, copy of identity document and photo via email to: [anagrafe@gov-nt.com](mailto:anagrafe@gov-nt.com)



## The flag of Templar Nation



## The anthem of Templar Nation

The anthem of Templar Nation was created in 2018.

The title of the anthem is "Sorgi Templare" (Rise Templar); the lyric is in Italian language.

Music by Diego Genta.

Lyric by Antonio Costantini and Riccardo Bonsi.

Orchestration by Simone Tonin.

To listen to the anthem, click on the symbol:





# *Templar Nation*

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## **APPLICATION FORM**

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### **TO THE PRESIDENT OF THE TEMPLAR NATION**

The undersigned

Born in \_\_\_\_\_ on \_\_\_\_\_

resident in \_\_\_\_\_ zip code \_\_\_\_\_

street/square \_\_\_\_\_

tax code (if any) \_\_\_\_\_

phone \_\_\_\_\_ mobile \_\_\_\_\_

e-mail \_\_\_\_\_

occupation \_\_\_\_\_ Citizenship \_\_\_\_\_

### **ASK FOR BEING PART OF THE TEMPLAR NATION**

and hereby authorizes the Templar Nation to process data on the basis of the provisions of the Privacy Laws.

The undersigned declares that he has not received any relevant criminal convictions that have become definitives.

Date and Place \_\_\_\_\_

Applicant's signature \_\_\_\_\_

## **DOCUMENTS TO BE ANNEXED TO THE APPLICATION FORM**

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1. Color two-sided copy of an identity document (identity card or passport).
2. Passport-sized color photography (passport type).

The Registry Office will respond to the application for admission within ten days of the official delivery of the same.



## **ACCEPTANCE OF THE CONSTITUTIONAL CARD**

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Herewith, the undersigned declares to have read and understood the Constitutional Charter of 21 July 2018 and to accept it in full.

Date and Place

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Applicant's signature

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